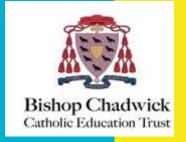
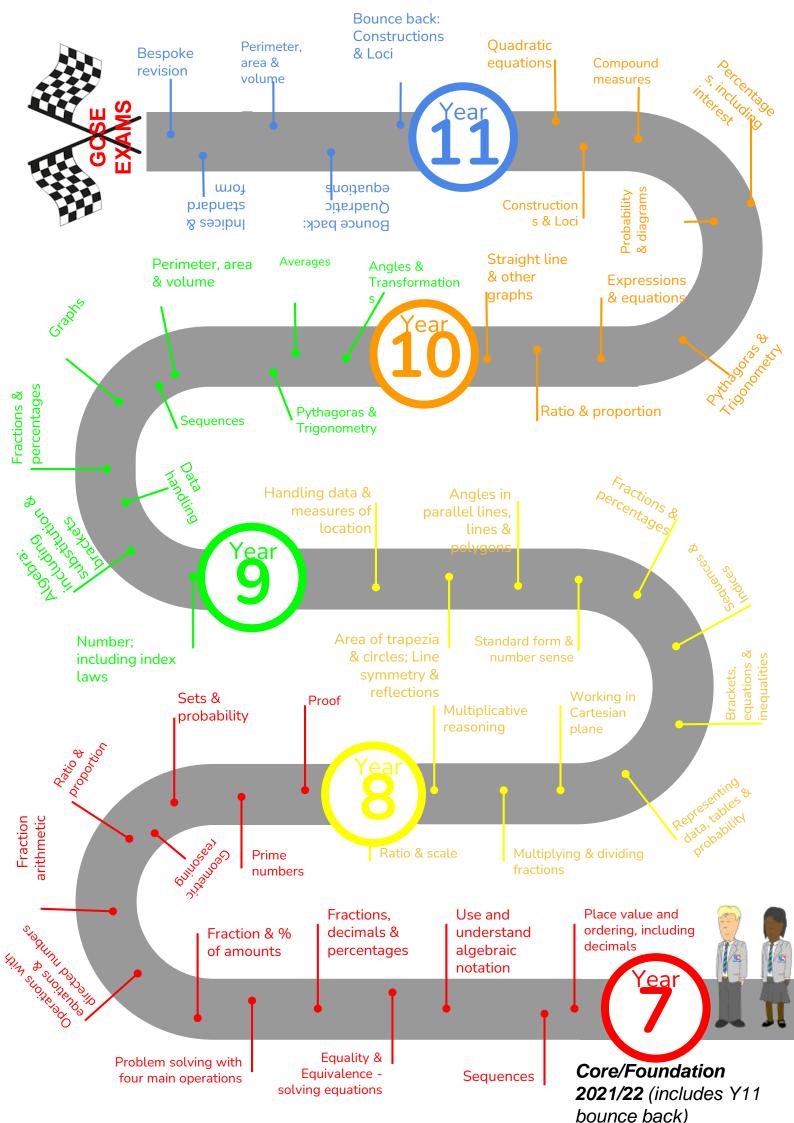


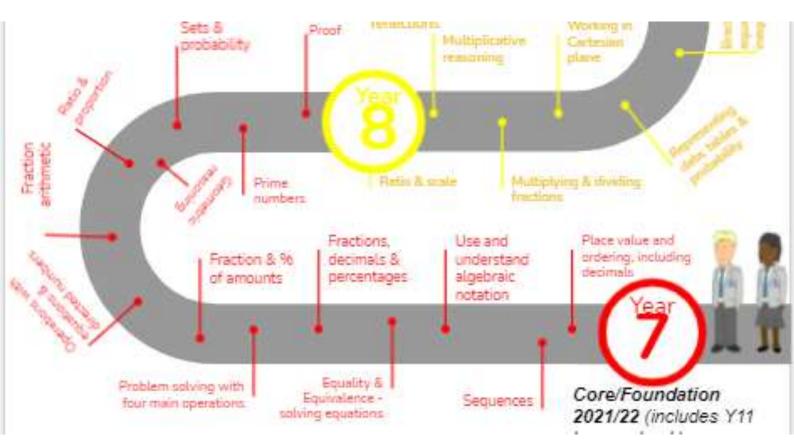
# Year 7 Scheme of Learning

**MODULE 2** 





# This is what your child will be taught in Year 7 in MATHS



# Cross Curricular Lessons



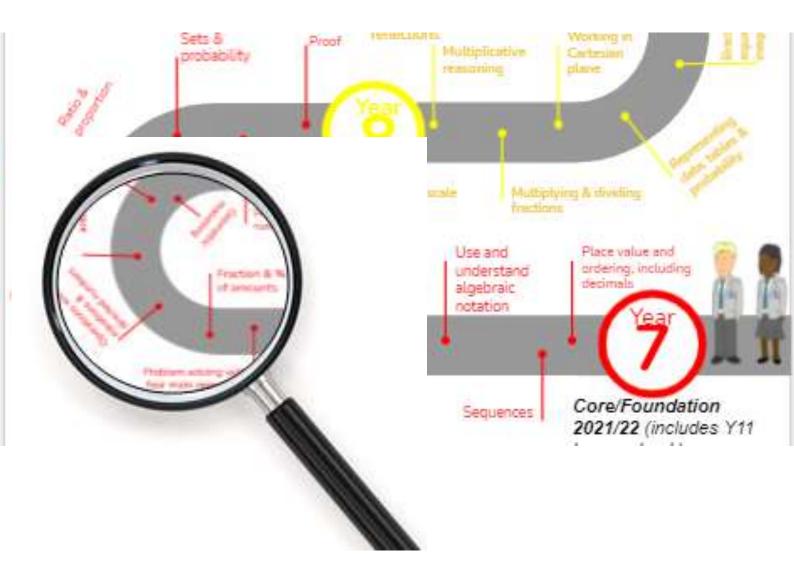




They will have specific lessons linked to other subjects and a diet of retrieval built into their lessons

# The first 3 topics of Year 7 are:

- Place value and ordering
- Sequences
- Using and understanding algebraic notation





We use the White Rose Maths scheme of learning in Year 7 as our feeder primary schools follow this scheme. It also helps with the transition to Year 7 as pupils are familiar with the resources.



# Unit 6: Addition & Subtraction

# Key vocabulary

Total Sum Difference Number Line

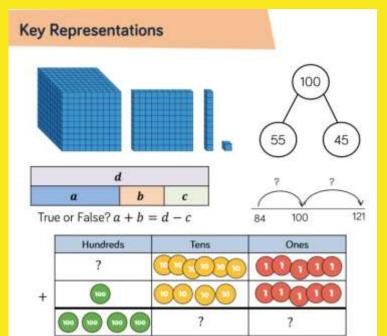
Commutative Associative Inverse

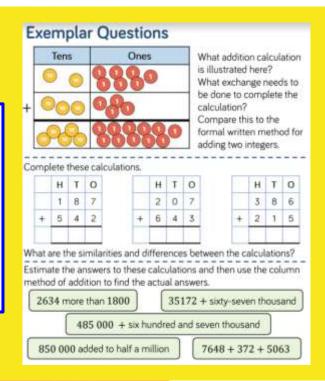
# Key questions

Does the column method for subtraction work when dealing with time? Why or why not?

Explain how we could use a number line (or time line) to help us with calculations for time.

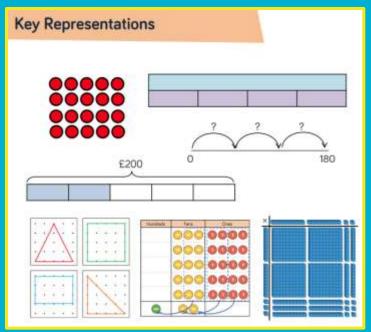
Is it true that sum of all the row totals in a table equal to the sum of all the column totals? Why or why not?





# Small Steps

- Properties of addition and subtraction
- Mental strategies for addition and subtraction
- Use formal methods for addition of integers
- Use formal methods for addition of decimals
- Use formal methods for subtraction of integers
- Use formal methods for subtraction of decimals
- Choose the most appropriate method: mental strategies, formal written or calculator
- Solve problems in the context of perimeter
- Solve financial maths problems



# 



# Small Steps

- Properties of multiplication and division
- Understand and use factors
- Understand and use multiples
- Multiply and divide integers and decimals by powers of 10
- Multiply by 0.1 and 0.01
- Convert metric units
- Use formal methods to multiply integers
- Use formal methods to multiply decimals
- Use formal methods to divide integers
  - Use formal methods to divide decimals
- Understand and use order of operations
- Solve problems using the area of rectangles and parallelograms
- Solve problems using the area of triangles
- Solve problems using the area of trapezia
- Solve problems using the mean
- Explore multiplication and division in algebraic expressions

# Key questions

How do multiples relate to times-table facts?
Is 0 a multiple of every number?
Can multiples be negative?
Do multiples have to be a whole number?
Explain how 18 can be both a factor and a multiple of a number.

# Unit 7: Multiplication & Division

# Key vocabulary

Factor Array Venn diagram

Odd Even Integer

# Key vocabulary

Place value Divisor Dividend

Quotient Remainder

# Key questions

How do you estimate the answer to a decimal multiplication?

Explain why  $6.4 \times 24 = 2.4 \times 64$ . Tell me three more multiplications using these digits that have the same answer.

# **Small Steps**

- Find a fraction of a given amount
- Use a given fraction to find the whole and/or other fractions
- Find a percentage of a given amount using mental methods
- Find a percentage of a given amount using a calculator
- Solve problems with fractions greater than 1 and percentages greater than 100%



# **Exemplar Questions**

Use the bar model to help you work out  $\frac{2}{5}$  of £95



Ron bakes 280 cookies on Monday. On Tuesday he bakes  $\frac{1}{8}$  as many more cookies. How many cookies did he bake altogether over the two days?

Tommy and Whitney each make a tower made up of red and blue bricks. They each use the same number of blue bricks.

- of Tommy's tower is made up of blue bricks.
- of Whitney's tower is made up of blue bricks.
- Tommy uses 48 red bricks.

How many bricks are there in Tommy's tower?

Sort these cards into pairs with equal values. What do you notice?

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 30

of 60

of 160

of 60

of 210

of 80

of 120

of 630

# Key questions

Why is it that you divide by 10 to find 10% of a number, but you don't divide by 20 to find 20% of a number?

If you know 10% of a number, what other percentages can you easily work out?

Find as many ways as you can to work out 60% of 45

# Key vocabulary

Place value Percent Percentage

Decimal Convert Equivalent

# Key questions

Can 110% of the class be absent on one day?

If the price of an item increases by 60%, what percentage is the new price of the old price?

Can a price increase/decrease by 180% or 200%?

# **Unit 8: Fraction &** Percentage of amount

# Key vocabulary

Fraction Equivalent Numerator

Denominator Whole

# **Key Representations** 100% 120 £400 100 % 40 % 140%

# **Unit 9: Operations with** equations & direct numbers



# Key vocabulary

Positive

Negative

Reflection

Symmetric

Sea level

# Key questions

How could you use the number line to help perform this calculation?

What is 4 - 4? What is -4 + 4? What do you notice? How is -3m + 5m different from -3 + 5? How are they the same?

# Key vocabulary

Solve

Equation

Balance

Solution

Function machine

Zero pair

# Key vocabulary

Square

Square root

Inverse

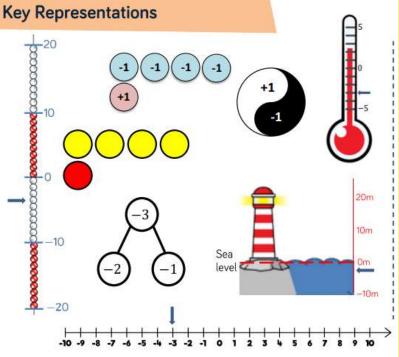
Positive

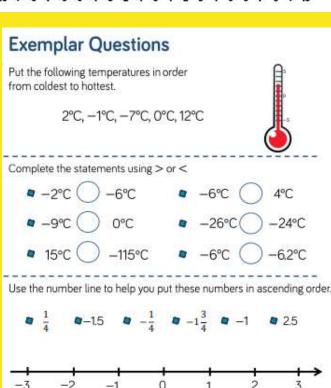
Negative

Power

# **Small Steps**

- Understand and use representations of directed numbers
- Order directed numbers using lines and appropriate symbols
- Perform calculations that cross zero
- Add directed numbers
- Subtract directed numbers
- Multiplication of directed numbers
- Multiplication and division of directed numbers
- Use a calculator for directed number calculations
- Evaluate algebraic expressions with directed number
- Introduction to two-step equations
- Solve two-step equations
- Use order of operations with directed numbers
- Roots of positive numbers
- Explore higher powers and roots





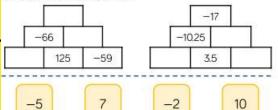
#### **Exemplar Questions**

Compare the calculations using <, > or =

$$(-2.3)^2 \times -1.38$$
  $-2.3^2 \times -1.38$ 

$$\frac{116.5 + -8.9}{-2} \qquad 116.5 + -8.9 \div -2$$

What's the same and what's different about the pairs of calculations? Complete the addition pyramids.



Using each number card and any operations, can you make each of the target numbers? Can you find more than one way?

250

-40

# Key vocabulary

Equal parts Congruent Divide

Denominator Numerator

# Key vocabulary

Denominator

Numerator

Mixed number

Whole

Addition

Subtraction

# **Key questions**

Why do we need a common denominator to add fractions?

Why is  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{7}{10}$  easier to calculate than  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{7}{15}$ ?

Is it possible to subtract a larger fraction from a smaller one e.g.  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$ ?

# Key vocabulary

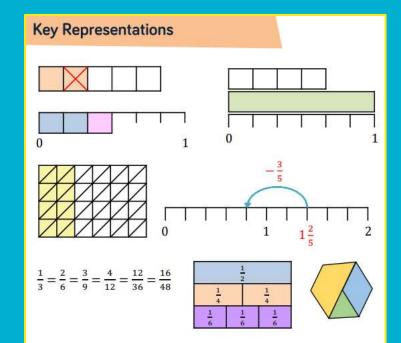
Simplify

Like terms

Collect

In terms of

Common denominator



# Complete the statements.





#### **Exemplar Questions**

If p = 4 and d = 6, work out the values of these expressions.

Write the first five terms for the sequence given by the rule  $\frac{2\pi}{\pi}$ 

What's the term-to-term rule of the sequence?

is the sequence linear or geometric?

What would the 100h term of the sequence be?

How often are the terms in the sequence integers?

Find the missing inputs and outputs for the following function



Solve the equations

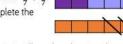
# Unit 10: Addition & Subtraction of **fractions**

#### Small Steps

- Understand representations of fractions
- Convert between mixed numbers and fractions
- Add and subtract unit fractions with the same denominator
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
- Add and subtract fractions from integers expressing the answer as a single fraction
- Understand and use equivalent fractions
- Add and subtract fractions where denominators share a simple common multiple
- Add and subtract fractions with any denominator
- Add and subtract improper fractions and mixed numbers
- Use fractions in algebraic contexts
- Use equivalence to add and subtract decimals and fractions
- Add and subtract simple algebraic fractions

#### **Exemplar Questions**

Use the bar model to work out:  $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7}$ Use this bar model to complete the



Represent the calculations pictorially and work out each answer:  $\frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{4}$ 

How many different ways can you make a whole using sevenths?







The following equilateral triangle and square are put together to make the shape of a house as shown.

What is the total perimeter of the house?







What is the term-to-term rule for the following sequences?

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
, 1,  $1\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{3}$ , 3,...

 $4\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $3\frac{3}{5}$ , 3,  $2\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $1\frac{4}{5}$ ,...

What would the next two terms for each sequence be? Are the sequences linear or geometric?

# We recommend pupils have a Casio scientific calculator.

The Casio calculator featured is the one we use when demonstrating in lessons.



# On our school website there is a calculation policy showing the methods we use for common operations. It can be found at: Our School > Policies



St Joseph's Catholic Academy

Calculation Policy