

Yr8 M3 Knowledge Organiser: LAD

KEY CHARACTERISTICS OF NDES

They wake up again in their body

The person is clinically dead for a short time

They have an out of body experience

They do not want to return but hear a voice or feel a force telling them to go back



They are transported (sometimes with angels) down a dark tunnel towards a bright light

They may see blurred figures, shadows or people they recognise but know have passed on

They experience a beautiful realm and feel peace, happiness etc

Life After Death—the idea that some part of you survives death

Resurrection—the idea that the body is raised after death (Christianity, Judaism, Islam)

Reincarnation—the idea that your soul is reborn after death in another body (Hinduism, Buddhism, Sikhism)

Soul—spirit part of us which may survive death

ARGUMENTS FOR & AGAINST NDES

The out of body experience is evidence that we may have a soul

The dark tunnel and bright light could just be a memory of being born which comes back to the surface under stress

The experience could be evidence of heaven and the people waving proof that life after death exists

It could be an hallucination produced by the brain when it is starved of Oxygen

So many people report similar experiences that they cannot all be wrong. Many hospitals internationally are doing research into these experiences.

It could be learned behaviour – NDE are well known so maybe our brains at the point of death imagine this experience

Reasons to believe in Life After Death...

- Ghosts/spirits
- Scripture/Holy Books
- Church teachings
- NDEs

Reasons not to believe in Life after Death...

- Different conflicting theories
- No evidence
- Bodies decay

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CATHOLICS & RESURRECTION

Christians traditionally believe that we will be resurrected for the after life because Jesus resurrected in the Gospels. The Churches teach that we will be resurrected and other Christian writers eg St Paul

People claim to have seen Jesus on the Road to Emmaus and in the Upper Room after death

But someone will ask, "How are the dead raised? With what kind of body will they come?" ³⁶ How foolish! What you sow does not come to life unless it dies.

So will it be with the resurrection of the dead. The body that is sown is perishable, it is raised imperishable; it is sown in dishonour, it is raised in glory; it is sown in weakness, it is raised in power; it is sown a natural body, it is raised a spiritual body.



The Bible teaches us about Heaven.



The life of Jesus shows us there is eternal life.



The Church/creeds tell us that death is not the end.



Might have had a religious NDE.



At school in RE we are taught about heaven and hell.



Why do Christians believe in an afterlife?

Encourage you to help those in need so you go to heaven.



How might belief in an afterlife affect your life?

Encourage you to go to Church/mass more to go to heaven.



Stops you breaking the 10 commandments to avoid going to hell.



Might encourage you to pray more for the souls of the dead and go to confession.



Encourage you to give to charity to go to heaven.

Hinduism - Law of Samsara/karma

Good Karma and Dharma

Bad Karma and Dharma



"Just as one casts off old clothes in order to put on new clothes; so the soul casts off bodies in order to take on new ones." **Bhagavad Gita**

Reincarnation

The belief that when your body dies, your soul moves onto another body.

Atman - Soul

Hindus believe that all living things (plants and animals) have a soul and that all souls are part of Brahman.



Moksha - Breaking the cycle of rebirth

Every Hindu's goal is to break free of Samsara so that their Atman can be reunited with Brahman.

Karma - Actions (and Consequences)

Hindus believe that our actions can have good and bad consequences.

Yr8 M3 Knowledge Organiser: Islam

REASONS TO LEARN ABOUT ISLAM

Islam...



... is the fastest growing religion in the world.

...is the fastest growing religion in the UK.

...is the second largest religion in the UK.

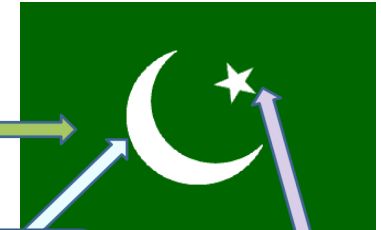
...2.6 million people in the UK are Muslim.

... is the second largest religion in the world



SYMBOLS

Green is the colour of life; in Paradise, people will wear green robes.



Each new month in Islam starts with the sighting of the moon; Allah created everything.

The 5 points of the star represent the 5 Pillars (rules) of Islam.

Key information...

- Islam was founded by the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) in the 7th Century CE
- The holy book is the Qur'an & is written in Arabic and shares many prophets with Christianity and Judaism
- The Islamic term for God is Allah—this is the same God as in Christianity and Judaism
- Islam traces its history back to the prophet Abraham and his son Ishmael
- The term 'Islam' means submission to God's will
- Muslims follow the Five Pillars of Islam (one God, prayer 5x/day, almsgiving, fasting at Ramadan and pilgrimage /Hajj)
- Muslims believe in resurrection and Allah's judgement
- Mecca is the holy city of pilgrimage for Muslims and they attend Hajj there each year
- A mosque is the holy place of worship & the religious leader an Iman.

The Five Pillars of Islam.

